(d) whether the performance of NTC and its State subsidiaries has remained satisfactory compared to the objectives set for it in the new textile policy; if so, what are the details thereof and if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a) and (b) The exports of textiles before and after the announcement of the Textile Policy on 6-6-1985 are as follows:—

Exports before announcement of the Textile Policy

Year	Export (Rs. in crores)
1982-83	1073.17
1983-84	1179.95
1984-85	1588.23
Exports after announcement of Textile Policy	
1985-86	1727.07
1986-87 (April-December)	1411.58

(c) The Government has taken a number of steps in pursuance of the new Textile Policy of June, 1985. The main steps taken by Government include lifting of ban on expansion of creation of new weaving capacity in the mill sector, issue of a single Textile Control Order, setting up of a Textile Modernisation Fund, creation of a Rehabilitation Fund for workers displaced by permanent closure of sick textile mills, announcement of fuller fibre flexibility, setting up of a Nodal Agency and rationalisation of fiscal levies on certain textile items. There has been increase in overall production of cloth and yarn in the textile industry. However, there is a slight downward trend in the production of cloth in the mill sector, which is more than made up by production in the decentralised handloom and powerloom sectors.

(d) Exports of National Textile Corporation have shown an increasing trend. The export figures of NTC during the years 1982-83 to 1986-87 (upto December, 1986) is as follows:—

(Rs. in lakhs)

Year	Exports
1982-83	1054.85
1983-84	1357.60
1984-85	3957.00
1985-86	3842.00
1986-87 (upto December, 1986)	3281.00

Workers' participation in public sector undertakings

793. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government have decided to introduce workers' participation in the management of public sector undertakings including banks, insurance companies and other service industries for better functioning and greater productivity; if so, what are the details of such a decision;

(b) what are the details of the public sector undertakings which have already started implementing the above policy; and

(c) whether any improvement in the working of the industries has been seen after giving the representation to working class in the management; if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI P. A. SANGMA): (a) The following schemes were introduced by the Government for Workers' Participa-

tion in Management from time to time:

(i) The Nationalised Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provision) Scheme, 1970 framed under the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970.

(ii) Workers' Participation in Industry at Shop Floor and Plant Level, 1975.

(iii) Workers' Participation in Management in Commercial and Service Organisations in the Public Sector, 1977.

(iv) The Government reviewed the working of the earlier scheme on Workers' Participation which were introduced in October, 1975 and January, 1977 respectively and in the light of the review and experience gained, notified a new comprehensive scheme vide its Resolution dated 30th December, 1983. The scheme is applicable to Central Public Sector Undertakings. State Governments were requested to introduce the scheme in their own Public Sector Undertakings.

(b) Under the Nationalised Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1970, the workmen/employees' Directors have been appointed on the Board of Directors in 22 public sector banks. The names of these Banks are given in the enclosed Statement-I (*See* below).

According to the available information, the scheme on Workers' Participation in Management (December. 1983) has been introduced in 91 undertakings at shop floor/plant level. The names of such undertakings are given in the enclosed Statement-II (*See* below).

(c) Some of the Public Sector Undertakings like Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd., Cement Corporation of India, Mineral Exploration Corporation Ltd., Steel Authority of India. Ltd. Hindustan Photofilms Manufacturing Company Ltd., Rourkela Steel Plant, Bharat Gold Mines, Oil India Ltd., National Textile Corporation, etc. have reported smooth working of the participative arrangements.

Statement

Position of Workmen Directors on the Public Sector Banks as on 11-2-87

Sl No.	Name of the Bank
1.	State Bank of India
2.	State Bank of Hyderabad
3.	State Bank of Indore
4.	State Bank of Bikaner & Jaipur
5.	State Bank of Mysore
6.	State Bank of Patiala
7.	State Bank of Travancore
8.	State Bank of Saurashtra
9.	Bank of India
10.	Punjab National Bank
11.	UCO Bank
12.	Canara Bank
13.	United Bank of India
14.	Allahabad Bank
15.	Indian Bank
16.	Bank of Maharashtra
17.	Indian Overseas Bank
18.	Andhra Bank
19.	Punjab & Sind Bank
20.	New Bank of India
21.	Corporation Bank
22.	Oriental Bank of Commerce

Statement-II

Names of the Central public sector Undertakings which have Implemented the scheme at shop Floor/Plant Level

Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development

Department of Agriculture and Cooperation

1. State Farms Corporation of India Ltd.

Department of Fertilizers

2. Pyrites, Phosphates and Chemicals Ltd.

3. Fertilizers Corporation of India Ltd.

4. Fertilizers and Chemicals (Travancore) Ltd.

5. Hindustan Fertilizers Corporation Ltd.

6. National Fertilizers Ltd.

Department of Atomic Energy

7. Uranium Corporation of India Ltd.

8. Electronics Corporation of India Ltd.

Ministry of Commerce

9. Mica Trading Corporation Ltd.

10. Minerals and Metals Trading Corporation of India Ltd.

Ministry of Communications
Department of Telecommunications

11. Hindustan Teleprinters Ltd.

12. Indian Telephone Industries Ltd

Ministry of Defence

Department of Defence Production

13. Bharat Earth Movers Ltd.

14. Praga Tools Ltd.

15. Bharat Dynamic Ltd.

16. Mishra Dhatu Nigam Ltd.

17. Bharat Electronics Ltd.

18. Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd.

19. Goa Shipyard Ltd.

20. Garden Reach Ship Building & Engineers Ltd.

Ministry of Energy

Department of Coal

21. North Eastern Coalfields Ltd.

22. Singreni Collieries Ltd.

23. Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd.

24. Western Coalfields Ltd.

25. Central Coalfields Ltd.

26. Eastern Coalfields Ltd.

27. Bharat Coking Coal Ltd.

Department of Power

28. National Hydro Electric Power Corporation Ltd.

29. National Thermal Power Corporation.

Ministry of Industry

Department of Chemicals and Petro Chemicals

30. Hindustan Organic Chemicals Ltd.

31. Hindustan Insecticides Ltd.

32. Indian Drugs & Pharmaceuticals Ltd.

33. Indian Petro-chemicals Corporation Ltd.

Department of Industrial Development

34. Andrew Yule & Co. Ltd.

35. Cement Corporation of India Ltd.

36. Hindustan Photo Films Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

37. National Bicycle Corporation of India Ltd.

38. National Instruments Ltd.

39. National Newsprint and Paper Mills Ltd.

40. Hindustan Cables Ltd.

41. Hindustan Paper Corporation Ltd.

42. Hindustan Salts Ltd.

43. Cycle Corporation of India Ltd.

44. Instrumentation Ltd.

45. Mandya National Paper Mills Ltd.

46. Hindustan Newsprint Co. Ltd.

47. Nagaland Pulp & Paper Co. Ltd.

48. Sambhar Salts Ltd.

Department of Public Enterprises

49. Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd.

50. Bharat Heavy Plates & Vessels Ltd.

51. Bharat Pumps & Compressors Ltd.

52. Tungabhadra Steel Products Ltd.

53. Triveni Structurals Ltd.

54. Burn Standard Co. Ltd.

55. Bharat Process & Mechanical Engineering Ltd.

56. Maruti Udyog Ltd.

57. H. M. T. Ltd.

Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas

58. Madras Refineries Ltd.

59. Oil & Natural Gas Commission.

60. Indian Oil Blending Ltd.

Ministry of Steel and Mines

Department of Mines

61. Bharat Gold Mines Ltd.

62. Bharat Aluminium Company Ltd.

63. Hindustan Copper Ltd.

64. Hindustan Zinc Ltd.

65. Mineral Exploration Corporation Ltd.

Department of Steel

66. Kudremukh Iron & Ore Co. Ltd.

67. Manganese Ore India Ltd.

68. National Mineral Development Corporation Ltd.

69. Steel Authority of India Ltd.

70. Sponge Iron India Ltd.

71. Bharat Refractories Ltd.

Ministry of Textiles

72. National Textiles Corporation Ltd.

73. National Textiles Corporation (Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala and Mahe) Ltd.

74. National Textiles Corporation (Gujarat) Ltd.

75. National Textiles Corporation (Delhi, Punjab and Rajasthan) Ltd.

76. National Textiles Corporation (Madhya Pradesh) Ltd.

77. National Textiles Corporation (Maharashtra North) Ltd.

78. National Textiles Corporation (Maharashtra South) Ltd.

79. National Textiles Corporation (Tamil Nadu, Pondicherry) Ltd.

80. National Textiles Corporation (Uttar Pradesh) Ltd.

81. National Textiles Corporation West Bengal, Bihar, Assam and Orissa Ltd.

82. Cotton Corporation of India Ltd.

Ministry of Transport

Department of Surface Transport

83. Shipping Corporation of India Ltd.

84. Dredging Corporation of India Ltd.

85. Cochin Ship Yard Ltd.

86. Delhi Transport Corporation.

87. Moghul Line Ltd.

88. Hindustan Shipyard Ltd.

89. Central Inland Water Transport Corporation Ltd.

MINISTRY OF WELFARE

90. Artificial Limbs Manufacturing Corporation of India Ltd.

Ministry of Science and Technology Department of Scientific and Industrial Research

91. Central Electronics Ltd.

News item captioned 'Pak rejects US sugestion to sign NPT'

794. SHRI BIR BHADRA PRATAP SINGH: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to a news-item which appeared in the Hindustan Times of the 19th February, 1987 captioned 'Pak rejects US suggestion to sign NPT' (non-Proliferation Treaty);

(b) if so, what are the details thereof and its implications on the sub-continent;

(c) Whether it is a fact that Pakistan has offered to the United States its intention to sign a global, regional or bilateral treaty regarding non-proliferation in South Asia; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and Government's reaction thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. NATWAR SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The US Ambassador in Pakistan reiterated his Government's suggestion in a speech in Islamabad on the 16th February, 1987. Pakistan's rejection could be viewed in the context of the non-peaceful dimension of its nuclear programme.

(c) and (d) Pakistan has offered to sign the NPT simultaneously with India. However, Government's stand on the NPT has nothing to do with its relations with Pakistan but is governed by the fact that Government regards the NPT as discriminatory.

Import of textile machines

795. SHRI GURUDAS GUPTA:
SHRI N. E. BALARAM:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering a proposal to allow duty-free import of all types of textile machines;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) whether such machines are available indigenously; and

(d) if so, what are the reasons for allowing their import duty free?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

(c) Most of the textile machines are manufactured in India.

(d) Does not arise in view of reply to (a).

News items captioned 'Mission staff in US bitter over low pay'

796. SHRI N. E. BALARAM:
SHRI SURAJ PRASAD:

Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) Whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item which appeared in the Hindustan Times of the 8th January, 1987 captioned 'Mission staff in US bitter over low pay'; and